

# THE OHIO FARMERS

STATE CONVENTION IN COLUMBIA YESTERDAY

ARROWLY REJECT THE THIRD PARTY.

The Address Element Was Made Up of Politicians, and the Farmers Will Run a Ticket Anyway.

COLUMBIA, O., May 27.—[Special.]—The night in the farmers' union today over the third party question was one of the prettiest and hottest in the history of Ohio politics.

The union has been one of the most conservative bodies in the state, and last year refused to entertain for a moment a proposition to act independently of the two existing parties.

The third party men were working at a disadvantage, because most of the delegates were elected before the existing excitement over the Cincinnati conference.

The union is composed of representatives of all the farmers' organizations in the state, including the National Farmers' Institute, who really were not in the convention.

It was this element that defeated the third party action today.

THE COURSE OF THE DEBATE.

Both sides of the question of going for a new party ticket were on their mettle, and it was impossible to tell which was the winner.

# GAILOR WILL ACCEPT.

THE COMMITTEE TO NOMINATE HIM IS AT WORK.

HE WILL COME TO GEORGIA.

The New Bishop Will Make Atlanta His Home—His Reluctance to Make Up His Mind—Sewanee Sorry.

SEWANE, Tenn., May 27.—[Special.]—Bishop-elect Gailor will accept the call to the diocese of Georgia, and will make his home in Atlanta.

The committee appointed at the diocesan convention to formally notify Dr. Gailor of his election to the high office made vacant by the death of the grand Bishop Beckwith, arrived in Sewanee today.

While it is understood that no formal acceptance has as yet been made, it is known that the vice chancellor will accept the call to Georgia. All that is wanting is the mere formality of acceptance.

Dr. Gailor has been slow to make up his mind as to what he should do. What a less earnest or more worldly man might have decided at once, he has considered carefully and prayerfully, uncertain in his own mind just what was his plain duty.

The work of building up the university of the south to which he has devoted the energies of his strong and splendid manhood, has been a labor of great love with Dr. Gailor. This he has always regarded as the great work of his life. He loves the university, and great has been the good which he has done the institution.

But it has been shown him that the diocese of Georgia needs a man of his stamp. Leaders in the church here regard that diocese as one of great promise, but the upbuilding of which requires strong, hard work. So Sewanee's beloved vice chancellor has decided. He is to become bishop of Georgia.

It is needless to tell anybody who knows Dr. Gailor's work here how sincere is the grief that the knowledge of his loss to us brings. Every person connected with the university, professor or student, loves the vice chancellor. He is essentially a manly man, yet so gentle that it is to him a student first goes when in trouble or sorrow; to him every body confides his joys and his griefs. Everybody loves him and everybody feels keenly the prospect of his leaving.

# THEY ARE TIRED OF IT

AND REFUSE TO REOPEN ROBINSON'S CASE.

THE PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Finally Settles the Case from Knoxville—Reports of Committee—Hearings—Other Business Transacted by Them.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 27.—The case of E. D. Robinson, from Knoxville, has been finally settled by the Presbyterian assembly today declining to go into it. Robinson was regarded as eccentric and his case has been before three assemblies. Last year he was restored to the communion of the church from which he had been excluded by former judgments.

This year another overture from the Mecklenburg presbytery claimed that the action was unconstitutional, and wants the case re-opened, but the assembly declined to do it.

The committee on narratives reported sixty-eight narratives, reported adversely on several in this matter and a failure to send in reports on the condition of the church. The report says that the church is progressing more than ever before. More men are coming into the ministry and more men and women are ready to enter mission fields.

Dr. Phillips reported the organization of the committee on colored evangelization. He recommended that each presbytery appoint a committee on this subject and that the trustees of Tusculum institute be incorporated. Adopted.

The judicial committee, through Judge Martin, reported that the memorial from the Third church, at Knoxville, be answered thus: That the lower courts take cognizance of the case, and that the ministers and members of his congregation, as there seems to be an opening for peace." Adopted.

A. W. Pitzer, from the committee on foreign evangelization, reported on several thirty delegates to the Toronto, Canada, general assembly this summer, money being scarce.

The synodical reports of Memphis, Nashville and Arkansas were found to be correct. It was decided that when the church furnishes a preacher with a manse, the rent of that manse was to be deducted from his salary.

# JOY IN A COURTROOM

UPON THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF A VERDICT

ACQUITTING A YOUNG ITALIAN WOMAN

For Shooting Down the Man Who Had Strayed Her—Ladies Crowd about the Woman and Embrace Her.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The jury in the case of Pasqualina Robertello, charged with the murder of her faithless lover, Nicolo Piarro, this afternoon rendered a verdict of not guilty. Piarro had forcibly wronged the girl, and then offered her a loaded revolver, telling her if he did not marry her she was to avenge his crime by taking his life. After many postponements of the ceremony, he said he was going to Italy and that she could make a living by her beauty, and expressed regret that he had spared her younger sister. At this she shot him dead.

When the clerk asked the usual question of the foreman, he almost shouted "not guilty," and the jury shouted "not guilty." Many jumped upon seats, waving hats and handkerchiefs, and yelled and cheered. Many prominent ladies, who have watched the progress of the case with profound interest, wept for joy, and embraced the bewildered girl, who is in a delirious condition.

HANGED TO A TREE.

A Negro Murderer Taken from Officers and Lynched.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 27.—The little city of Columbia, Tenn., was in a state of intense excitement yesterday afternoon over the capture of a negro, Green Wells, who, Saturday night, shot and killed John Fly, an energetic and prosperous farmer in that county. The sheriff received a dispatch from Iroquois City that the negro was in custody there and he sent officers for him. At the same time it became generally known in Columbia, and a large crowd gathered at the depot to give the officers and prisoner a reception. Thinking there might be trouble Judge Patterson telegraphed, advising him to stop there with his man; that it would be unsafe, with the present feeling and excitement, to take him to Columbia. The sheriff took the judge's advice and stopped at Lawrenceburg, about six miles from the murdered man's home. About midnight last night a dispatch from Columbia states that Wells was taken from the officers and hanged to a tree. The mob then fired several shots into his body.

HE JUMPED INTO THE RIVER, To Save His Neck from Being Broken By a Rope.

DESVYER, May 27.—An Italian truck gardener in the suburbs was hearing a little boy last night when a young man, named Glaze, who was passing, informed to protect the boy. The Italian drew a pistol and shot Glaze dead. People in the neighborhood collected for the purpose of lynching the murderer. He ran for Twenty-third street viaduct, of Platte river, with the mob pursuing. When half way across the viaduct, he saw another crowd approaching from the opposite direction. To escape them he leaped from the bridge into the river and attempted to swim ashore, but was drowned.

# THE MONEY SENT TO MCCARTHY

Eugene Kelly Aided of the Men with the Injunction.

NEW YORK, May 27.—[Special.]—On petition of William Lane O'Neill, Eugene Kelly, secretary of the Irish home rule funds raised by Dillon and O'Brien in this country, was today served with an injunction to restrain him from sending the money to Justin McCarthy. The injunction was too late, as Kelly had already viewed \$15,000 of the fund to McCarthy and had sent it to him.

In an interview today, Kelly said the executive committee in charge of the fund recognized McCarthy as the leader of the Irish home rule party, and wanted Irishmen all over the country to know that he was so recognized, and that in future all funds would be paid to him. Kelly said the men responsible for the injunction were not to be named, but that most of them had not paid their subscriptions.

A UNITED EXHIBIT

Of Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama at the World's Fair.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 27.—A few weeks since at the instance of a public meeting of the business men of Chattanooga, a convention was called of representative men from East and middle Tennessee, north Georgia and north Alabama, territory, known as the Chattanooga mineral district, for the purpose of making a united exhibit at the world's fair in Chicago in 1893.

The convention was called for June 10th. Such great interest has been aroused in the project that it is now contemplated to make a united exhibit of the three states named and make a united exhibit of the progress of the central industrial south since the war. The three states will be asked to contribute a fund of \$500,000. The convention at Chattanooga, June 10th, will be attended by several hundred delegates including the governors of the three states.

OFF FOR BEARING SEA.

The Cutters Rush and Bear Under Sailing Orders.

# THE CASE OF DR. BRIGGS

Before the Presbyterian General Assembly at Detroit.

DETROIT, May 27.—In the Presbyterian general assembly today, Dr. Patton asked leave to read so much of the report on theological seminaries as bears on the case of Dr. Briggs. In order that it may be printed and distributed to the assembly when it comes up for action tomorrow. Sixty-three Presbyterian ministers, as heard on the case of Dr. Briggs, were present at the assembly today.

The thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth sections of the report treat on the requirements of candidates for the ministry and tend to lower the standard.

Section 6 gives the number of proposed changes in the ordination of ministers and the formation and dissolution of pastoral relations at Chattanooga. The convention before us has been in session for several days, and the report of the committee on the case of Dr. Briggs is being read.

The report brought on a long and heated discussion, pro and con, and no action has yet been taken on it. Many of the leading members of the assembly are of the opinion that the literary requirements of ministers in the Presbyterian church.

Tonight publication works were discussed.

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# DOES NOT COVER TALKS JURORS.

The Discovery Made by the Grand Jury at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 27.—The grand jury here today returned a verdict against the defendants in the case of the Italian murder, but it does not cover the talks of the jury. The grand jury returned a verdict against the defendants in the case of the Italian murder, but it does not cover the talks of the jury.

CHICKAMAUGA NATIONAL PARK.

If the Owners of Land Do Not Lower Their Prices Suits Will Be Commenced.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—General Fullerton, General Boynton, General Ambrose P. Stewart and Colonel Kellogg, commissioners of Chickamauga National park, have returned to Washington. Upon their arrival at Chickamauga they found the same situation as when they left. The owners of land are confronting the Rock Creek park commissioners here, namely, the holding of lands much above the total of the appropriation made for their purchase by congress.

It was then decided to offer liberal terms to the owners of the tract embraced in the battlefield, and in cases where an agreement is not reached, condemnation proceedings for which the law provides and which the law also makes mandatory, will be at once begun in the United States district court for northern Georgia. Both the states of Georgia and Tennessee have ceded full jurisdiction.

To Build the Dallas Cotton Mills.

HUSTVILLE, Ala., May 27.—[Special.]—The contract for the superstructure of the Dallas cotton mills was awarded yesterday to Hughes & Dyer, of Nashville, at a bid of \$100,000. They obligate themselves to have the roof on by December 1st next, and to make the brick here.

NEW YORK, May 27.—[Special.]—Senator Colquhoun, of Georgia, is at the Victoria hotel, but positively refuses to say one word about politics or the object of his visit to New York. Senator Vance, of North Carolina, called for this morning conference with his wife.

# HER REPORT

Forwards for the city, up to the body of an eighth year.

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WITH DEEPEST GRIEF

THE FUNERAL OF BOB GOODSON

THEY CAN CARRY OUT HIS WISHES

THE FUNERAL YESTERDAY—A NOTABLE MEETING

AT THE STATION HOUSE

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Table with 2 columns: Name, Amount. Lists names like John J. Woodson, Harry Silverman, etc., and their respective contribution amounts.

FOUND HIM DEAD

Jack McGraw, a Well-Known White Man, Dies Mysteriously

MAISON, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Coroner Knight held an inquest this morning over the body of Jack McGraw, a white man who was found yesterday afternoon in the Hazard district.

McGraw was of a roving disposition and went from one place to another in and around Bibb county. He had no particular home.

Yesterday morning he was at the home of Mr. Charles Kitchens, a few miles from the city, and at about 11 o'clock he went to the well and drank some water. After drinking the water, he lay down on a work bench near by and went to sleep.

Later in the afternoon, as he had not arisen, some one went to wake him up in order to get him out of the approaching rain. When they touched him he failed to move and it was at once seen that he was dead. The coroner's jury returned a verdict saying the deceased came to his death from causes unknown. He was buried this afternoon at Shiloh church.

MARRIED IN MAISON

Mr. J. L. Dickerson, of Bainbridge, Weds Miss Eula Subers

MAISON, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—A happy marriage took place this morning at the home of Mr. A. A. Subers on Ocmulgee street.

The nuptials were those of his daughter, Miss Eula Subers, and Mr. J. L. Dickerson, of Bainbridge.

The ceremony was performed at 9 o'clock by Rev. J. B. McFerrin, of Mulberry street church. A large number of friends and relatives witnessed the marriage.

After the ceremony was performed the newly-made pair left on the Southwestern train for their future home in Bainbridge.

Miss Subers is a young lady of many rare qualities, well liked, and will make a noble and loving wife. She is in every way a fair prize, which her husband may feel proud in having won.

The groom is a well-known young business man, of Bainbridge. He is well off, and well thought of by all who are acquainted with him.

HUDSON, MASTER MECHANIC

A Mason Man's Promotion a Source of Gratification

MAISON, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—The friends of Mr. W. H. Hudson, the present foreman of the East Tennessee shops at Macon, are congratulating him on his recent promotion.

He has been made master mechanic of the Georgia division of the East Tennessee road, with headquarters at Atlanta.

Mr. Hudson has been in the service of the railroad since 1891, beginning as a fireman. He has been for five years foreman of the roundhouse in Atlanta. He resigned that place a few months ago to return to Macon, where he has been since.

His promotion to the place of master mechanic is a high compliment, owing to his extreme youthfulness, he being only thirty-two years of age, and thus one of the youngest master mechanics in the United States.

He is a man of fine ability, however, and his promotion was deserved.

The Dry Drought

ABBEVILLE, Ga., May 27.—[Special.]—Abbeville and the country immediately surrounding it are suffering greatly from a drought of about six weeks duration. Vegetation of all kinds is languishing in consequence.

The Coming Fourth

The colored people are making great preparations for their Fourth of July celebration.

The most interesting feature, the drills, will be held on the 3d and 4th, and some of the best colored military companies in the state will participate.

R. F. Henry, A. Graves and J. R. Steel, the committee at the head of the affair, will call on the citizens today to get contributions to aid in paying \$800 prize money to the best drilled companies.

The Golden Chain—The Atlanta lodge, No. 5, Golden Chain held an election of officers last evening. There were chosen: Commander, W. A. Fischer; vice commander, Ernest F. Clarke; assistant commander, Charles H. Stokes; prelate, John L. Beattie; secretary, G. S. Prior; treasurer, E. W. Martin; guide, C. K. Burbee; guardian, E. H. Cochran. After the election the evening was spent in social enjoyment and concluded with refreshments, to which all present did justice.

Thin and impure blood is made rich and healthy by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, all blood disorders.

A Lost Boy—A little two-year-old boy in dresses was found wandering around the streets yesterday, and was taken to the police station. The little fellow is quite bright, and gives his name as Leonard Rodgers. He says he was with his father and mother the night before and slept on a floor somewhere in the country with them. He doesn't know where he lives now where he got lost from his parents. The boy was taken in charge by Mrs. Brittan and will be well taken care of until something is found out about him.

The Boys' High School—The closing exercises of the Alciopron Literary and Debating Society of the Boys' High school will occur tomorrow at 11 o'clock at Browning hall in the Girls' High school building. The program is arranged for the occasion is a highly interesting one, pretty feature will be the wearing of class colors by members of the school.

Biliousness, constipation, torpid liver, piles, cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills, 50 doses 25c. Samples free at druggists, by mail, 25c. MILES MED. CO., ELKHART, IND.

Forest Park Today

Thursday 28th, at 3:30 sharp. Take Central 3 o'clock hour train, or McPherson Electric car line.

Free ride.

G. W. ADAIR

In 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and their success as a cure for Coughs, Croup, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled.

For Your Picnic Dinner

Take a bottle of Hotspur Relish and French market sauce, sold by all prominent grocers. Young & Morris, Sole Manufacturers, 10 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. dec 28 6m

Forest Park Today

Thursday 28th, at 3:30 sharp. Take Central 3 o'clock hour train, or McPherson electric car line.

Free ride.

G. W. ADAIR



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

JUDGE LAMAR HERE

PRESIDING WITH JUDGE NEWMAN OVER SOME IMPORTANT CASES.

He is the Guest of ex-Mayor Tom Glenn. The Case Yesterday and the Special Calendar.

Justice L. Q. C. Lamar arrived in Atlanta yesterday at 11 o'clock over the Richmond and Danville.

He was met at the depot by Judge Newman and a number of others, members of the bar.

Judge Lamar was accompanied by his wife, who stopped only a few minutes, going on to Macon.

Judge Lamar was then escorted to the post-office building, where court was awaiting him. A short, informal reception was held here. Then, without any unusual ceremony, the court was called to order and the special docket was taken up.

Only one case was heard yesterday.

That was J. J. Robinson, trustee, vs. the Georgia and Alabama Manufacturing Company, Hugely & Co. and W. T. Hugely.

The complaint was represented by Abbott & Son and by Dorsey, Brewster & Howell; the defendant by N. J. and T. A. Hammond.

The argument was on a demurrer to the bill. The original petition to foreclose a mortgage, involved \$85,000.

Argument was concluded, but no decision was rendered.

THE SPECIAL CALENDAR

The other cases over which Judge Lamar is to preside with Judge Newman are:

The United States vs. George Sanges and others. Demurrer to the bill of indictment. This is the case of the Cobb county conspiracy.

J. M. Claiborn et al. vs. J. O. Waddell et al. Bill in equity.

The American Loan and Trust Company vs. East and West railroad of Alabama. Exceptions to report of the special master on intervention of Joel Brewer.

The United States vs. O. P. Fitzsimmons. Dallas Cotton Mills vs. the Niagara Fire Insurance Company.

Gann & Reeves, Athens Manufacturing Company, et al. vs. Northeastern railroad and Richmond and Danville railroad et al.

A. F. Maddox and others vs. Central Trust Company, of New York, and the Marietta and North Georgia Railway Company.

THE GUEST OF EX-MAYOR GLENN

Judge Lamar is the guest of ex-Mayor Tom Glenn during his stay in Atlanta.

Yesterday afternoon he was given a drive over the city, and in the evening had dinner with a few friends at Colonel Glenn's home on Forest avenue.

Later in the evening quite a number of his friends in Atlanta called to pay their respects.

Today, again, Judge Lamar will be busy in the post-office building.

This evening a dinner will be given in his honor at the Capital City Club.

Judge Lamar leaves Atlanta Saturday afternoon or evening for Oxford, Miss., where he is to preside with Judge Hill over the hearing of an important case.

From there he goes on a visit to Kentucky, returning to New Orleans in time to organize there, with Chief Justice Chase, the district court of appeal.

This is to be on the 16th of June.

A TALK WITH JUSTICE LAMAR

"I'm a poor hand at interviews," said the judge last night. "I'll make this agreement with you—that you call it out as you please from what I'll do say, reserving for me only the right to deny it afterwards, if that should be necessary."

He is sixty-seven years old, smaller in stature than the average, a little stooped, and might readily be mistaken for a well-to-do, good-natured alliance man.

He looks like a native Georgian, too, as he is. His old home was in Georgia. It will be remembered, and that fact and his general appearance suggested, somehow or other, Colonel Livingston, the alliance president.

In the course of the interview, the speech of Governor W. E. Russell, of Massachusetts, made at the Chamber of Commerce banquet here nearly a year ago, was recalled.

Mr. Russell had declared that the drift of the public opinion in the north was back towards the Jeffersonian idea of state's rights; and that the decisions of the supreme court were leaning that way.

"In my opinion," said Judge Lamar, "the decisions of the supreme court in relation to questions growing out of the reconstruction acts and the readjustment of the relations of the states to the federal government form a body of constitutional law the absence of which would possibly have seriously affected the peace of the country and the conditions of public order."

"Make it plainer," he was asked.

"The south," he rejoined, "has no cause to complain with the adjudications of that tribunal, but much upon which it may felicitate itself."

"Of course I cannot go into this subject now, but at some time in the future, when the proper occasion offers, I may do so."

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Dry Goods, Carpets, Furniture and Shoes!

A WORD TO THE WISE.

Owing to our semi-annual stock taking, we, as usual will commence one month beforehand to reduce our general stock in order to save clerical work.

ON JULY 1st., we must finish our inventory and from now until that time we propose to make prices that will rapidly decrease all classes of merchandise.

WE TAKE STOCK for the purpose of clearing out, straightening up as well as to see how we stand, and we always find large lots of goods that need weeding out, and we propose to make a general clean sweep of and clear out everything possible before taking an inventory. It will pay you to see our goods. You can buy Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Fancy White Goods, Batiste, China Silks, Wool Dress Goods and FURNITURE and CARPETS. The goods are the best and they will be sold. First come get first choice. See for yourself.

We have a large but choice lot remnants of wool. Your price.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

MY GOODS ARE ABSOLUTELY PURE.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, Distiller and Wholesale Liquor Dealer

Sole Agent For ACME CUTTER OLD FORESTER MARYLAND CLUB

Direct Importer Or BRINE MADEIRA SHERRY CLARET SAUTERNES

ALL LEADING BRANDS CHAMPAGNES KEPT IN STOCK. Have a full line of Fine Domestic Wines. Imported Cigars received monthly. Sole agent for Anheuser Busch Beer.

JOSEPH THOMPSON, 21 AND 23 KIMBALL HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA.

F. L. FREYER, Pres. and Treas. SAM'L BRADLEY, Sec. and Gen'l Manager. H. KRANICH, Vice Pres. CHAS. H. FREYER, Gen'l Supt.

CAPITAL STOCK \$60,000. Established 1867. Incorporated 1894.

THE FREYER & BRADLEY MUSIC CO PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WAREHOUSES, NO. 47 PEACHTREE STREET.

PIANOS) STEINWAY & SONS. KRANICH & BACH. THE NEW ENGLAND. WILCOX & WHITE. ORGANS

SEND FOR CATALOGUE BEFORE PURCHASING.

Hightower, Rankin & Co.

SUCCESSORS TO

SOUTHERN BOX FACTORY;

MANUFACTURERS OF

Wooden Boxes and Tanks.

We make a specialty of the foregoing goods, and are ready to fill all orders promptly. We also make Soda and Beer Cases. Your patronage solicited.

TELEPHONE 886, OFFICE AND FACTORY, COR. HUMPHRIES AND GLENN STREETS, ATLANTA, GA. may 10-13m

THE REVOLVING-DISC

\* FLY-FAN. \*

A Handsome and Useful Table Ornament

INDISPENSABLE WHERE FLIES ARE TROUBLESOME.

Nickel-Plated. Arms are Adjustable AND Discs Revolve Rapidly IN ANY POSITION.

45 Peachtree St. m. valid. 11-

Van Winkle Gin and Machinery Co., ATLANTA, GA.

MANUFACTURERS ICE MACHINERY. COTTON SEED OIL MACHINERY. COTTON GINNING MACHINERY. WIND MILLS, TANKS, ETC., ETC.

WRITE FOR PRICES, ETC. Van Winkle Gin and Machinery Co., Office 210 Marietta Street.



Alaska Refrigerator. It is the best on the market and VERY CHEAP.

Arms are Adjustable AND Discs Revolve Rapidly IN ANY POSITION.

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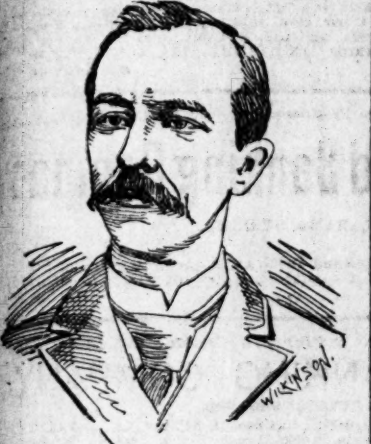






\$3.00

\$10.00

J. HARRIS CHAPPELL,  
PRESIDENT OF THE GIRLS' NORMAL  
AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.What It Will Be—The Results of His  
Visits to the Schools at Colum-  
bus and Nashville.Hundreds of people in Georgia are anxious  
to learn more of the plan on which the "Georgia  
Girls' Normal and Industrial School," com-  
monly called the Girls' Industrial school, will  
be organized.Members of inquiries show the great interest  
in the subject and the following interview with  
the president of the institution will be widely  
read.Professor J. Harris Chappell, of Columbus,  
the recently elected president of the new in-  
stitution was in Atlanta yesterday on his re-  
turn from a tour of investigation touching  
educational institutions at Columbus, Miss., and  
Nashville, Tenn., and was interviewed as follows:"Professor, have you anything to say to the  
public in regard to the normal and industrial  
schools?""Yes, I have this to say, it is undoubtedly  
the most important and noblest educational  
enterprise ever undertaken by the state ofGeorgia, and it is bound to be a grand success.  
The school will certainly be opened on the 1st  
of next October, and under the fairest of  
conditions.""Have you yet formed a clearly defined  
plan for organizing the school?""Yes, perfectly so. I have just returned  
from a visit of inspection to the famous Girls'  
Industrial Institute, at Columbus, Miss., and  
the Peabody Normal college, at Nashville,  
Tenn. The data and information that I  
gained at these two great institutions will be  
of priceless value to me in organizing the  
Georgia school. I went first to the Mississippi  
school. That, you know, is to be a  
model for us. In a general way, the  
model for us. I was received with great cor-  
diality by the excellent president of the in-  
stitution, Dr. Deas. He exerted himself to the  
utmost to give me information and to afford  
me every possible facility for examining the  
school. I made the most of the opportunity,  
and spent four entire days in the school. I in-  
spected it from cellar to garret, both literally  
and metaphorically. I saw the regular work  
going on in every department, from sewing  
through in the laundry to ironing clothes in the  
laundry. The industrial departments, of  
course, interested me most, because that is  
what I went there to see. I saw the girls  
being instructed in phonography, typewriting,  
telegraphy, printing, bookkeeping,  
dressmaking, free-hand and industrial draw-  
ing, woodcarving, designing, etc. I went  
through the great dormitory where 300 girls  
are domiciled, and saw them in their  
trim navy blue uniforms during about  
as busy as bees, doing with skillful hands various  
kinds of household work, making up rooms,  
sweeping out, halls, washing dishes, setting  
tables, ironing clothes, nursing the sick in the  
infirmary, etc. I took dinner one day in the grand  
dining hall with the entire student body. One  
fine, strange man, dining with 300 college girls,  
all dressed in navy blue uniforms at that—  
it was fun, I tell you, with a dash of embarrass-  
ment in it, for the lone, strange man. The  
tables were waited on in the most graceful and  
approved style by a detail of twenty pupils.  
All the light household work of the great es-  
tablishment is done in the same way, and it  
goes without saying that it is done in the best  
manner. I had heard a great deal of this school  
before, but I found that the half had  
been told me. I was delighted with it.""Is any other kind of instruction given to  
the girls besides this industrial training?""Why, certainly. Every pupil in the school,  
besides doing her part of the household work  
and pursuing some one industrial art (any one  
she may choose), is required to carry on at the  
same time a more or less full course of  
academic or collegiate study. All the higher  
branches of education are pursued there,  
and are far more thoroughly taught than  
in usual even in the best of our female colleges.  
I visited the various literary and scientific  
classrooms, and never saw better teaching or  
more earnest pupils. The school is patronized  
by many of the best people in Mississippi. It  
is so popular that there are generally ten times  
as many applicants as can be admitted. The  
appointments are generally made by com-  
petitive examination, which insures a high  
class of pupils. Although the school  
has been established only six years,  
its fine influence and good results  
are already sensibly felt throughout Missis-  
sippi. The people of Mississippi are prouder of  
this school than of anything else in their  
state, and rightly so. It is indeed one of the  
noblest of educational institutions. But as  
good as it is, Georgia's school will be better  
yet."

"How can that be?"

"Well, I have said much in praise of this  
Mississippi school, but it is far from perfect;  
it has its faults and defects, some of them se-  
rious ones. You see, it was the first school of  
the exact kind to be established. It had no  
model or pattern to go by. At the beginning  
mistakes were made, and afterwards  
fall into some errors. The effects of these  
errors so fixed in the constitution of the  
school that it will be difficult ever entirely to  
right or remedy them. These facts are ad-  
mitted and lamented by the president, many  
of the trustees, and the best friends of  
the school. These faults can be and  
certainly will be carefully avoidedby the Georgia school from the beginning.  
The breakers have been clearly pointed out to  
us; it will require only ordinary care and pre-  
sidence to steer clear of them. Besides there  
are several great improvements on the Missis-  
sippi plan that we can and will introduce.""Can you give us a description of the plan of  
the Georgia school?""Yes; succinctly it is this: There are to be  
three principal departments, normal, indus-  
trial and collegiate. They are to be co-ordi-  
nate and co-equal, not separate and indepen-  
dent schools, but united and intertwined with  
each other, forming a perfect and harmonious  
whole. The normal department will be the  
first work of the kind ever attempted in Geor-  
gia. Its main aim will be to train a body of  
thorough and efficient. I want all the way to  
Nashville just to have a talk with the great  
Dr. Payne about this work. He is you  
know one of the most famous  
and best normal school men  
in the world. He received me with great  
cordiality and immediately manifested keen  
interest in this Georgia state school, of which  
he had heard something before. I had sev-  
eral conversations with him and they would  
have been well worth a trip across the ocean  
to me. He gave a clear, simple plan for or-  
ganizing the department, and said with en-  
thusiasm and enthusiasm, 'If this  
plan is carried out it will give Georgia as good  
a normal school for practical purposes as can  
be found anywhere. The collegiate and in-  
dustrial departments, far from interfering with  
the normal, will be highly beneficial and help-  
ful to it, and it will be helpful to them. It is  
a splendid combination. Your entire  
prise, if well managed, is sure to be a great  
success. I predict that in a year or two the  
people of Georgia will be enthusiastic over  
your school. Next winter after you get well  
to work, I shall come down to see you.""The plan suggested by Dr. Payne will be  
strictly carried out. The best normal  
teachers who can be found in  
the union will have charge of the de-  
partment. The industrial department will be  
as much as it is in the great Mississippi school,  
only in a number of important particulars de-  
cidedly better. The branches to be estab-  
lished at first will probably be phonography, tele-  
graphy, bookkeeping, dressmaking, printing,  
free-hand and industrial drawing, cooking and  
domestic economy. Each of these will be  
taught by a skillful teacher of experience and  
proved ability. In a course of two years a girl  
may become highly proficient in any one of  
these industries, and at the same time be car-  
rying on a thorough course of academic or col-  
legiate study. The collegiate department will  
probably undertake to teach the higher  
branches as far as they are generally pursued  
in female colleges, but the quality of the  
teaching will be much better than is found in  
fashionable female colleges. You see our school,  
not long to private patronage for support,  
can be independent of the whims and caprices  
and unreasonable demands of foolish parents,  
and it will have no temptation to degrade its  
standards and do shoddy work. It will give  
and frivolous girls who are being educated for  
'society,' and who wish to make a mere pre-  
text of getting a higher education. This will  
give our school an immense advantage over  
the fashionable female college. It will give  
earnest, conscientious teachers a better chance  
to do genuine educational work. Every pupil  
in the school, whether of the normal or of the  
industrial department, will be required to  
take a well-rounded course, more or less full,  
according to circumstances, of collegiate  
studies, and to pursue them earnestly and  
diligently. Thus, the collegiate will be be-  
tween the normal and the industrial de-  
partments, holding a hand of each,  
making a beautiful trinity, a true  
educational power, superior to anything  
ever yet attempted in the way of  
schools. As Dr. Payne said, it will be 'a  
splendid combination. It is perfectly certain  
that the plan, if properly managed, will work  
finely in practice. There is no reason in the  
world why it should not. It has already suc-  
ceeded to a very considerable extent in the  
Mississippi school; it will succeed much more  
perfectly in our school.""Professor, when will the teachers for the  
various departments be chosen?""I do not know; but just as soon as prac-  
ticable. That is a matter about which the  
board will proceed with the utmost caution,  
for it is a thing of most vital importance. They  
have already found of applicants, and from  
the very best of teachers, too. The board  
will be extremely desirable, for excellent sal-  
aries will be paid, and the work will be just  
such as earnest teachers most like to have.  
A number of the industrial departments will  
have to be filled by northern teachers, I  
suspect, for competent teachers  
for this peculiar kind of work are  
very scarce in the south. On the whole,  
the faculty, I am sure, will be the strongest and  
best ever employed in any female school in  
Georgia. It ought to be, for we will have a  
better chance of selecting than any southern  
female school ever had before.""How many pupils do you expect at the  
opening of the session?""Each county in the state will be entitled to  
send a certain quota of pupils according to  
population. The number has not yet been  
determined, but will be as soon as the board  
ascertains how many applicants the school  
will accommodate. A circular giving full in-  
structions will then be issued to the several  
county boards of education, who will be em-  
powered to appoint pupils. Where there are  
a number of applicants in any county, I suppose  
the competitive examination plan will be  
used. Before the school opens, I believe  
there will be fifty times as many ap-  
plicants as can be admitted. Tuition  
will be entirely free, or placed  
at a nominal figure.""Are there ample funds for running the  
school the first year?""Yes, except for one item. No provision has  
yet been made for furnishing and equipping  
the buildings. This can be thoroughly and  
handsomely done for a few thousand dollars.  
We shall ask the legislature for the money at  
its session in July. I know it will be heartily  
given. The state, after going so far in this  
great enterprise, cannot afford to jeopardize its  
success for the sake of a few thousand dollars.""I hope to issue a pamphlet by the 1st of  
August, giving a full and explicit account of  
the school. It should be read by every  
patriotic citizen of Georgia. It should be  
read with special care by every  
man in the state who has a daughter to edu-  
cate. And now let me close as I began: this  
is undoubtedly the most important and noblest  
educational enterprise ever undertaken by the  
state of Georgia, and it is found to be a grand  
success."

## GATHERED AT RANDOM.

"What Atlanta needs more than anything  
else right now," said Mr. Robert Miller, pre-  
sident of the Atlanta Real Estate Exchange, "is  
some sort of a body to pass upon plats in new-  
ly laid out suburbs. Look at the plats in some  
of the offices of real estate men and you will find  
many of the plats bearing the names of streets  
of great plate of the city. Then I am told that  
a great many of the plats are not accurate.  
There ought to be both a county and a city  
board to pass upon and approve them before  
the property is sold according to the plats.  
Real estate men, especially, recognize the  
necessity of this, and so I think would the  
purchasers of real estate, if they knew to what  
uncertainties they were liable. If not a com-  
mission, the city council should have a com-  
mittee to look after these, and the county  
commission should look after land outside of  
the city.""Just at this time of the year," said a promi-  
nent doctor on a Peachtree car, "there is a  
good deal of illness of children. This is due,  
I presume, to the number of changes in the  
weather of the past few weeks. May is usu-  
ally pretty hard on children. Of course, the  
summer is harder on young babies than any  
other season of the year. One of the best  
possible prescriptions that can be given for  
children, is a change of air and climate.""I believe in that so firmly that I often say  
a change for the worse is better than no change  
at all. Of course I mean by that a change to  
what would seem less favorable conditions,  
really means a change for the better with  
some. That is true for old folks as well as  
young folks. Every man, woman and child  
needs a change some time during the year,  
and usually in summer. If it is only for a day  
or two, it is sure to do good. The summer  
exodus is a thing of value far beyond the  
mere pleasure which it gives to the exo-  
dusters."

## THAT MISSING POLICY.

THE CASE WAS WITHDRAWN YESTERDAY BY PLAINTIFF.

The Testimony Showed that There Was No  
Objection to Its Being Taken—Other  
Cases in the County Courts.The case of the Atlanta Glass Company  
against the Rome Fire Insurance Company,  
to which allusion was made in The Consti-  
tution of yesterday, after the examination of  
several witnesses, was dismissed by the plain-  
tiff.The "missing policy" was found, and fully  
accounted for.It appeared that for reasons perfectly sat-  
isfactory to Mr. Barry, he was not disposed to  
deny Mr. Torbett's right to the possession of  
the policy after the fire which destroyed the  
glass factory.This policy had never been delivered to any  
agent or officer of the glass company, but  
had been accepted by them as standing in the  
place of the Niagara policy, and was issued  
by Mr. Torbett, as the agent of the  
Rome company, under an entire misapprehen-  
sion as to the facts. Under these circum-  
stances Mr. Barry did not even protest against  
the resumption of possession of the document  
by Mr. Torbett. He saw Mr. Torbett take it,  
and playfully asked, at the time, "What are  
you doing?"Any impression which might result from  
the action of yesterday morning, to the effect  
that Mr. Torbett in any way surreptitiously  
obtained possession of the policy, was not in-  
tended. All that was open, and with the  
full knowledge and implied acquiescence  
of Mr. Barry. When these facts are all fully  
disclosed, together with the further facts that  
Torbett, under a like misapprehension, had  
issued the policy to "the Atlanta Glass  
Company" instead of "the Atlanta Glass Com-  
pany," the plaintiff dismissed its case.

Must Build the Depot.

Mr. Rhode Hill and Mr. Thomas Moore will  
have a depot on their land near the Chatta-  
hoocnee river.The depot will be on the line of the East  
Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. It  
will be built by the railroad company—because  
the court says they must establish a depot  
there.The case was tried yesterday in the superior  
court, and a verdict rendered in favor of the  
plaintiff.When the road was first surveyed, the right  
of way was secured from Messrs. Hill and  
Moore under a written agreement that the  
company was to establish a depot at some  
place selected by the grantors.Under this agreement a bill for specific per-  
formance was filed against the railroad com-  
pany. The present company defended on the  
ground that they were not parties to the agree-  
ment, and the old company alone was liable.  
Judge Clarke charged the jury that the present  
company purchasing the privileges of the right of  
way took it subject to the contract of the old  
company, and were bound to comply with its  
conditions.

Suit for Damages.

The case of Gates vs. the Atlanta and West  
Point Railroad Company was called before  
Judge Marshall Clarke in the afternoon.The suit is for \$5,000 damages for personal  
injury.John Gates, the plaintiff, testified that he  
was employed as a brakeman by the company,  
and that while walking from one brake to an-  
other in the performance of his duty he  
tumbled over a portion of the tin roof that  
being loose, had blown across the foot plank,  
and was thrown from the top of the moving  
train against the side of the cut, through  
which the train was going, the fall breaking  
his thigh.Pending the cross examination the court ad-  
judged.

ABOUT THE CAPITOL.

The Lumber Case Before the Railroad  
Commission.The argument in the matter of allowing  
railroads to increase the lumber rate was con-  
tinued before the railroad commission yester-  
day.Mr. Berner argued at length for the sawmill  
men against the increase.Today Mr. J. R. Young, of Savannah, will  
be heard, representing the naval stores men.Governor Northern being out of the city,  
there was a dead calm about the executive and  
other offices yesterday.Supreme Court of Georgia—March Term  
1901.Order of circuits, with the number of cases re-  
maining undisposed of:

|               |          |   |
|---------------|----------|---|
| Cumulative    | Albany   | 6 |
| Macon         | Southern | 6 |
| Chattahoochee | Oponee   | 8 |
| Chattahoochee | Oponee   | 8 |
| Southwestern  | Oponee   | 1 |

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY.

After delivery of the decisions elsewhere re-  
ported, argument was heard in the following  
cases of the

PLIST CIRCUIT:

Bryans v. Almond, from Butts. Wright & Beck  
and Hall & Hammond, for plaintiff in error. No  
appearance.Aycock v. Austin, from Rockdale. A. C. McCalla  
and A. C. Perry, for plaintiff in error. J. N. Glenn,  
contra.Sinus v. State, from Rockdale. G. W. Gleason,  
for plaintiff in error. Emmets Womack, solicitor-  
general, contra.Hudson v. Hudson, from Rockdale. G. W. Gleason,  
for plaintiff in error. J. N. Glenn and  
A. C. Perry, contra.Collins v. Powell, from Rockdale. A. C. McCalla  
and J. E. Irwin, for plaintiff in error. G. W. Gleason,  
contra.Jackson v. American Mortgage Company, from  
Pike. L. D. Moore, for plaintiff in error. J. I.  
Hall, Jr., contra.Blalock v. Miland, from Pike. S. N. Woodward,  
for plaintiff in error. Claude Worrell and B. F.  
McLaughlin, contra.McMichael v. Jones, from Rockdale. With-  
drawn.Lowe v. Suggs, from Upson. B. H. Walton,  
Thornston & Cameron and Morgan McMichael, by  
brief, for plaintiff in error. M. H. Sandwich and  
Hall & Hammond, contra.

The Great Success.

of the genuine import John-  
Hoff's Malt extract as a tonic nutri-  
tive, has caused a crowd of fraudu-  
lent imitations to come into the mar-  
ket. Beware of them! The genuine  
has the signature of "John Hoff"  
on the neck of every bottle. It is  
sold by J. B. Borden & Co., Sole Agents, 6 Bar-  
clay street, New York.Ladies are greatly benefited by the use of  
Anguria Bitters, the South American tonic,  
of Dr. J. B. Borden & Sons.

Sickness Among Children.

Especially infants, is prevalent more or less at  
all times, but is largely avoided by giving  
proper nourishment and wholesome food. The  
most successful and reliable of all is the Gail  
Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk.  
You grocer and druggist keep it.

Fine Shoes.

I have a splendid assortment of ladies' and  
children's shoes. My prices are very  
reasonable. R. C. Black, 35 Whitehall.

Forest Park Today.

Thursday 28th, at 3:30 sharp. Take Central 3  
o'clock train, or McPherson electric car  
line.

Free ride.

G. W. ADAIR.

The Old Homestead.

The great southern magazine, devoted to science,  
art, music, the home and farm; two places of new  
music in each number; only 10 cents per copy, or  
\$1 a year. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta  
street.

Real Estate Sales.

Have been many this spring. So have the  
sales of B. G. Black, 28 Whitehall. He  
sells the best.

## The Turning Point

With many a man in some trying out, and a sharp  
recommencement of some friends to try S. S. S.,  
has saved the lives of hundreds.S. S. S. for BLOOD POISONING,  
CANCER OF THE SKIN,  
ULCERS AND SORES,  
ALL SKIN DISEASES.A treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed  
free on application.Druggists Sell It.  
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,  
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Every Month

Many women suffer from Excessive or  
Scant Menstruation; they don't know  
who to confide in to get proper advice.  
Don't confide in anybody but tryBradfield's  
Female RegulatorA Specific for PAINFUL, PROFUSE,  
SCANTY, SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR  
MENSTRUATION.Book to "WOMAN" mailed free.  
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.  
Sold by all Druggists.

Name this paper. ap21—d-w tenmofm

Spend Sunday at Lithia  
Springs. Train leaves At-  
lanta 9 a. m. Train leaves  
Lithia Springs 4:30 p. m.  
Round trip Sundays 62c.PILES Cured without the use  
of Knife, Ligature or  
Caustery. No detention from business—  
Cure guaranteed. All Diseases of the  
Rectum treated. Frederick F. Moore, M. D.,  
(Harvard Medical College, 1876—Formerly House  
Physician Massachusetts General Hospital).  
Best of references. Consultation Free.  
Office, Old Capitol Building, Room 68.  
Hours 9 to 1—2 to 4.  
Take Elevator.

FISTULA.

Free Ride to the Sale

Of 140 lots this afternoon at  
Forest ParkOn 3 o'clock Central hour train or McPherson  
electric car line. Don't miss it. G. W. ADAIR.My office telephone number is 235. If you want  
any life or accident insurance call me up. Clarence  
Angier, 23 1/2 Whitehall street

WHY

Will You Take the Queen and Crescent

Because it is the best line and gives better  
accommodations. Through sleepers to Cincinnati  
on all trains, arriving at Cincinnati in time to  
make all the connections for the east and north-  
west. Sleepers on all trains for New Orleans  
and Shreveport, making connections at New Or-  
leans for all the lines. For rates and other  
information write or call on S. C. Ray, passenger  
agent, 2,017 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

Forest Park Today.

Thursday 28th, at 3:30 sharp. Take Central 3  
o'clock hour train, or McPherson electric car  
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Free ride.

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art, music, the home and farm; two places of new  
music in each number; only 10 cents per copy, or  
\$1 a year. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta  
street.

It is a Genuine Treat.

We mean Hoyt's Jersey butter, beyond all doubt  
the best butter ever brought to Atlanta; uniform-  
ity in grade, richness of flavor, absolute purity,  
are its qualities. It is all brought from one dairy,  
also, in the blue-grass country, and hence al-  
ways uniform, always of that fine rich color and  
flavor which blue grass alone imparts to fine Jer-  
sey butter. As soon as we receive it we put it in a  
refrigerator and it is delivered to your home in an  
ice box. Now, isn't it a treat to have no more  
poor butter, no more stale butter, no more melted  
butter, but instead, always the same high grade  
Jersey? We are furnishing that quality of butter  
every day, and can supply you. Ask any of our  
many pleased customers about our butter and  
then, take their advice and come and do likewise,  
and the butter problem will trouble you no longer.Another treat is our RJR coffee. We call it  
a treat because we mean it, for nothing is more  
exhilarating and enjoyable than a cup of fine  
coffee, and our RJR is the highest grade coffee  
that can be found. It is a combination of Man-  
deling Java, Mocha and Maracibo, and the blend  
gives a coffee of fine aroma and of elegant flavor.  
It is always sold at 35 cents, cheaper than you can  
buy a larger grade elsewhere.We offer to our customers some of our  
best bargains. How is salmon at 15 cents per can?  
That is the price it will go at for the next week;  
also, fine black nut, 15 cents per can. We call it  
a treat because we mean it, for nothing is more  
exhilarating and enjoyable than a cup of fine  
coffee, and our RJR is the highest grade coffee  
that can be found. It is a combination of Man-  
deling Java, Mocha and Maracibo, and the blend  
gives a coffee of fine aroma and of elegant flavor.  
It is always sold at 35 cents, cheaper than you can  
buy a larger grade elsewhere.We offer to our customers some of our  
best bargains. How is salmon at 15 cents per can?  
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best bargains.



# MEETINGS.

**Notice.**  
Notice is hereby given that a regular meeting of the board of directors, and the joint annual meeting of the stockholders and board of the Clayton Sewing Machine Motor Company will be held at 4 o'clock p. m., Monday, June 1st, 1891, at the company's office, 175 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of the business of the company. CHAS. A. LORING, Secretary.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

**BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.**  
CONSTITUTION OFFICE.  
ATLANTA, May 27, 1891.  
New York exchange buying at par; selling at \$1.00. The following are bid and asked quotations:

| NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. | ATLANTA STOCK MARKET. |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| U. S. 4% 100 100 1/2   | U. S. 4% 100 100 1/2  |
| U. S. 5% 100 100 1/2   | U. S. 5% 100 100 1/2  |
| U. S. 6% 100 100 1/2   | U. S. 6% 100 100 1/2  |
| U. S. 7% 100 100 1/2   | U. S. 7% 100 100 1/2  |
| U. S. 8% 100 100 1/2   | U. S. 8% 100 100 1/2  |
| U. S. 9% 100 100 1/2   | U. S. 9% 100 100 1/2  |
| U. S. 10% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 10% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 11% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 11% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 12% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 12% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 13% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 13% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 14% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 14% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 15% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 15% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 16% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 16% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 17% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 17% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 18% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 18% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 19% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 19% 100 100 1/2 |
| U. S. 20% 100 100 1/2  | U. S. 20% 100 100 1/2 |

# THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The stock market today was even more lively than that of yesterday, but on the whole there was nothing better feeling in the street and a firmer tone to trading, while the shipments of gold have not ceased, as evidenced by the fact that the market for the same has been very active today, and a material decline in the amount sent, gives strength to the general impression that there will be little more sent to the operators. However, are not disposed to take any risks in the premises, and speculation lags, the dullness at times today being equal to anything in that line during the mid-summer, while fluctuations were on a strict parity with the amount of business transacted, and their fluctuations were on an equally limited scale. The features of trading today, however, were Wash preferred and Cordage. The upward movement began with the former yesterday, and continued today, the stock reached 23, starting at 22. Among the specialties, Mobile and Ohio showed some strength, but advanced only fractionally, and while the prices in the general list were held at a shade above those of last evening, all animation was in half a dozen stocks, and St. Paul and Wash preferred were the only ones showing any real activity. The opening was made at figures from 1/2 to 1/4 per cent higher than the previous day, and the continued covering of shorts soon forced a fractional advance over the entire list in the early trading. In this movement, however, Wash preferred was the only prominent feature, and while St. Paul and a few others were quite active for the time being, there was little or no feature in the trading, with the exceptions noted. The upward movement, however, came to an end with the advance from St. Paul, and in the afternoon the course of prices was again downward. Many stocks were then brought below the level of the opening figures, Rock Island and St. Paul being among the number, while Louisville and Nashville was most conspicuous for its decline. The market, however, was kept within narrow limits during the entire day, and no material movement was noted outside of the features in Wash preferred. A slightly better tone was developed toward the close, and the market closed dull and steady to firm, at insignificant changes from the opening. Sales of listed stocks 185,000; unlisted, 150,000; commercial, 100,000; exchange, 50,000; total, 485,000. Money easy at 3/4, closing offered at 1/2. Sub-treasury balances, \$11,000,000; currency, \$1,500,000. Governments dull but steady to firm; at 119 1/2; 4 1/2; 101. State bonds dull but steady.

# THE PETROLEUM MARKET.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The petroleum market opened steady at a slight decline and rallied the later, then became dull and remained so until the close.

# GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

ATLANTA, May 27, 1891.

# THE COTTON MARKETS.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

| May     | June    | July    | August  | September | October | November | December | January | February | March   | April   |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2   | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 |

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

| RECEIPTS | EXPORTS | STOCK |
|----------|---------|-------|
| 1891     | 1891    | 1891  |
| 1892     | 1892    | 1892  |
| 1893     | 1893    | 1893  |
| 1894     | 1894    | 1894  |
| 1895     | 1895    | 1895  |
| 1896     | 1896    | 1896  |
| 1897     | 1897    | 1897  |
| 1898     | 1898    | 1898  |
| 1899     | 1899    | 1899  |
| 1900     | 1900    | 1900  |
| 1901     | 1901    | 1901  |
| 1902     | 1902    | 1902  |
| 1903     | 1903    | 1903  |
| 1904     | 1904    | 1904  |
| 1905     | 1905    | 1905  |
| 1906     | 1906    | 1906  |
| 1907     | 1907    | 1907  |
| 1908     | 1908    | 1908  |
| 1909     | 1909    | 1909  |
| 1910     | 1910    | 1910  |
| 1911     | 1911    | 1911  |
| 1912     | 1912    | 1912  |
| 1913     | 1913    | 1913  |
| 1914     | 1914    | 1914  |
| 1915     | 1915    | 1915  |
| 1916     | 1916    | 1916  |
| 1917     | 1917    | 1917  |
| 1918     | 1918    | 1918  |
| 1919     | 1919    | 1919  |
| 1920     | 1920    | 1920  |
| 1921     | 1921    | 1921  |
| 1922     | 1922    | 1922  |
| 1923     | 1923    | 1923  |
| 1924     | 1924    | 1924  |
| 1925     | 1925    | 1925  |
| 1926     | 1926    | 1926  |
| 1927     | 1927    | 1927  |
| 1928     | 1928    | 1928  |
| 1929     | 1929    | 1929  |
| 1930     | 1930    | 1930  |
| 1931     | 1931    | 1931  |
| 1932     | 1932    | 1932  |
| 1933     | 1933    | 1933  |
| 1934     | 1934    | 1934  |
| 1935     | 1935    | 1935  |
| 1936     | 1936    | 1936  |
| 1937     | 1937    | 1937  |
| 1938     | 1938    | 1938  |
| 1939     | 1939    | 1939  |
| 1940     | 1940    | 1940  |
| 1941     | 1941    | 1941  |
| 1942     | 1942    | 1942  |
| 1943     | 1943    | 1943  |
| 1944     | 1944    | 1944  |
| 1945     | 1945    | 1945  |
| 1946     | 1946    | 1946  |
| 1947     | 1947    | 1947  |
| 1948     | 1948    | 1948  |
| 1949     | 1949    | 1949  |
| 1950     | 1950    | 1950  |
| 1951     | 1951    | 1951  |
| 1952     | 1952    | 1952  |
| 1953     | 1953    | 1953  |
| 1954     | 1954    | 1954  |
| 1955     | 1955    | 1955  |
| 1956     | 1956    | 1956  |
| 1957     | 1957    | 1957  |
| 1958     | 1958    | 1958  |
| 1959     | 1959    | 1959  |
| 1960     | 1960    | 1960  |
| 1961     | 1961    | 1961  |
| 1962     | 1962    | 1962  |
| 1963     | 1963    | 1963  |
| 1964     | 1964    | 1964  |
| 1965     | 1965    | 1965  |
| 1966     | 1966    | 1966  |
| 1967     | 1967    | 1967  |
| 1968     | 1968    | 1968  |
| 1969     | 1969    | 1969  |
| 1970     | 1970    | 1970  |
| 1971     | 1971    | 1971  |
| 1972     | 1972    | 1972  |
| 1973     | 1973    | 1973  |
| 1974     | 1974    | 1974  |
| 1975     | 1975    | 1975  |
| 1976     | 1976    | 1976  |
| 1977     | 1977    | 1977  |
| 1978     | 1978    | 1978  |
| 1979     | 1979    | 1979  |
| 1980     | 1980    | 1980  |
| 1981     | 1981    | 1981  |
| 1982     | 1982    | 1982  |
| 1983     | 1983    | 1983  |
| 1984     | 1984    | 1984  |
| 1985     | 1985    | 1985  |
| 1986     | 1986    | 1986  |
| 1987     | 1987    | 1987  |
| 1988     | 1988    | 1988  |
| 1989     | 1989    | 1989  |
| 1990     | 1990    | 1990  |
| 1991     | 1991    | 1991  |
| 1992     | 1992    | 1992  |
| 1993     | 1993    | 1993  |
| 1994     | 1994    | 1994  |
| 1995     | 1995    | 1995  |
| 1996     | 1996    | 1996  |
| 1997     | 1997    | 1997  |
| 1998     | 1998    | 1998  |
| 1999     | 1999    | 1999  |
| 2000     | 2000    | 2000  |

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

| January | February | March   | April   | May     | June    | July    | August  | September | October | November | December |
|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|
| 100 1/2 | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2   | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2  |

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

| January | February | March   | April   | May     | June    | July    | August  | September | October | November | December |
|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|----------|
| 100 1/2 | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2   | 100 1/2 | 100 1/2  | 100 1/2  |

# FINANCIAL.

**Profitable, Safe Investments.**  
In Mineral, Timber and Town Lands.  
A. J. McBRIDE, 10 Gate City Bank.  
HARRY LYMAN,  
Manager city department. First-class business property always for sale. Some choice business, factory and residence sites.

## W. H. PATTERSON,

Dealer in Investment Securities  
Room 7, Gate City Bank Building.  
DARWIN C. JONES,  
BROOKS, BONDS, LOANS,  
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.  
Correspondence invited in regard to all kinds of Southern Investments.

## ATLANTA INVESTMENT AND BANKING CO.

ROOMS 8 AND 9, ATLANTA, GA., GOULD BUILDING.  
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$300,000.—Organized under a charter granted by the legislature for the purpose of investing in real estate, bonds, stocks, and other securities, and for the purpose of conducting a general banking business, as trustee, administrator or executor, and for the purpose of acting as a general agent for the sale of real estate, and for the purpose of acting as a general agent for the collection of rents and other income, and for the purpose of acting as a general agent for the management of the property of others.

## MADDOX, RUCKER & CO., Bankers.

We are now located in our new office, corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, where we have every facility for the transaction of a general banking business. Approved business paper discounted, and loans made on collateral security. Life insurance policies, payable on demand for limited amounts only, as follows: 4 per cent if left 90 days; 5 per cent if left 120 days; 6 per cent if left 180 days; 7 per cent if left 240 days; 8 per cent if left 300 days; 9 per cent if left 360 days; 10 per cent if left 420 days; 11 per cent if left 480 days; 12 per cent if left 540 days; 13 per cent if left 600 days; 14 per cent if left 660 days; 15 per cent if left 720 days; 16 per cent if left 780 days; 17 per cent if left 840 days; 18 per cent if left 900 days; 19 per cent if left 960 days; 20 per cent if left 1020 days; 21 per cent if left 1080 days; 22 per cent if left 1140 days; 23 per cent if left 1200 days; 24 per cent if left 1260 days; 25 per cent if left 1320 days; 26 per cent if left 1380 days; 27 per cent if left 1440 days; 28 per cent if left 1500 days; 29 per cent if left 1560 days; 30 per cent if left 1620 days; 31 per cent if left 1680 days; 32 per cent if left 1740 days; 33 per cent if left 1800 days; 34 per cent if left 1860 days; 35 per cent if left 1920 days; 36 per cent if left 1980 days; 37 per cent if left 2040 days; 38 per cent if left 2100 days; 39 per cent if left 2160 days; 40 per cent if left 2220 days; 41 per cent if left 2280 days; 42 per cent if left 2340 days; 43 per cent if left 2400 days; 44 per cent if left 2460 days; 45 per cent if left 2520 days; 46 per cent if left 2580 days; 47 per cent if left 2640 days; 48 per cent if left 2700 days; 49 per cent if left 2760 days; 50 per cent if left 2820 days; 51 per cent if left 2880 days; 52 per cent if left 2940 days; 53 per cent if left 3000 days; 54 per cent if left 3060 days; 55 per cent if left 3120 days; 56 per cent if left 3180 days; 57 per cent if left 3240 days; 58 per cent if left 3300 days; 59 per cent if left 3360 days; 60 per cent if left 3420 days; 61 per cent if left 3480 days; 62 per cent if left 3540 days; 63 per cent if left 3600 days; 64 per cent if left 3660 days; 65 per cent if left 3720 days; 66 per cent if left 3780 days; 67 per cent if left 3840 days; 68 per cent if left 3900 days; 69 per cent if left 3960 days; 70 per cent if left 4020 days; 71 per cent if left 4080 days; 72 per cent if left 4140 days; 73 per cent if left 4200 days; 74 per cent if left 4260 days; 75 per cent if left 4320 days; 76 per cent if left 4380 days; 77 per cent if left 4440 days; 78 per cent if left 4500 days; 79 per cent if left 4560 days; 80 per cent if left 4620 days; 81 per cent if left 4680 days; 82 per cent if left 4740 days; 83 per cent if left 4800 days; 84 per cent if left 4860 days; 85 per cent if left 4920 days; 86 per cent if left 4980 days; 87 per cent if left 5040 days; 88 per cent if left 5100 days; 89 per cent if left 5160 days; 90 per cent if left 5220 days; 91 per cent if left 5280 days; 92 per cent if left 5340 days; 93 per cent if left 5400 days; 94 per cent if left 5460 days; 95 per cent if left 5520 days; 96 per cent if left 5580 days; 97 per cent if left 5640 days; 98 per cent if left 5700 days; 99 per cent if left 5760 days; 100 per cent if left 5820 days; 101 per cent if left 5880 days; 102 per cent if left 5940 days; 103 per cent if left 6000 days; 104 per cent if left 6060 days; 105 per cent if left 6120 days; 106 per cent if left 6180 days; 107 per cent if left 6240 days; 108 per cent if left 6300 days; 109 per cent if left 6360 days; 110 per cent if left 6420 days; 111 per cent if left 6480 days; 112 per cent if left 6540 days; 113 per cent if left 6600 days; 114 per cent if left 6660 days; 115 per cent if left 6720 days; 116 per cent if left 6780 days; 117 per cent if left 6840 days; 118 per cent if left 6900 days; 119 per cent if left 6960 days; 120 per cent if left 7020 days; 121 per cent if left 7080 days; 122 per cent if left 7140 days; 123 per cent if left 7200 days; 124 per cent if left 7260 days; 125 per cent if left 7320 days; 126 per cent if left 7380 days; 127 per cent if left 7440 days; 128 per cent if left 7500 days; 129 per cent if left 7560 days; 130 per cent if left 7620 days; 131 per cent if left 7680 days; 132 per cent if left 7740 days; 133 per cent if left 7800 days; 134 per cent if left 7860 days; 135 per cent if left 7920 days; 136 per cent if left 7980 days; 137 per cent if left 8040 days; 138 per cent if left 8100 days; 139 per cent if left 8160 days; 140 per cent if left 8220 days; 141 per cent if left 8280 days; 142 per cent if left 8340 days; 143 per cent if left 8400 days; 144 per cent if left 8460 days; 145 per cent if left 8520 days; 146 per cent if left 8580 days; 147 per cent if left 8640 days; 148 per cent if left 8700 days; 149 per cent if left 8760 days; 150 per cent if left 8820 days; 151 per cent if left 8880 days; 152 per cent if left 8940 days; 153 per cent if left 9000 days; 154 per cent if left 9060 days; 155 per cent if left 9120 days; 156 per cent if left 9180 days; 157 per cent if left 9240 days; 158 per cent if left 9300 days; 159 per cent if left 9360 days; 160 per cent if left 9420 days; 161 per cent if left 9480 days; 162 per cent if left 9540 days; 163 per cent if left 9600 days; 164 per cent if left 9660 days; 165 per cent if left 9720 days; 166 per cent if left 9780 days; 167 per cent if left 9840 days; 168 per cent if left 9900 days; 169 per cent if left 9960 days; 170 per cent if left 10020 days; 171 per cent if left 10080 days; 172 per cent if left 10140 days; 173 per cent if left 10200 days; 174 per cent if left 10260 days; 175 per cent if left 10320 days; 176 per cent if left 10380 days; 177 per cent if left 10440 days; 178 per cent if left 10500 days; 179 per cent if left 10560 days; 180 per cent if left 10620 days; 181 per cent if left 10680 days; 182 per cent if left 10740 days; 183 per cent if left 10800 days; 184 per cent if left 10860 days; 185 per cent if left 10920 days; 186 per cent if left 10980 days; 187 per cent if left 11040 days; 188 per cent if left 11100 days; 189 per cent if left 11160 days; 190 per cent if left 11220 days; 191 per cent if left 11280 days; 192 per cent if left 11340 days; 193 per cent if left 11400 days; 194 per cent if left 11460 days; 195 per cent if left 11520 days; 196 per cent if left 11580 days; 197 per cent if left 11640 days; 198 per cent if left 11700 days; 199 per cent if left 11760 days; 200 per cent if left 11820 days; 201 per cent if left 11880 days; 202 per cent if left 11940 days; 203 per cent if left 12000 days; 204 per cent if left 12060 days; 205 per cent if left 12120 days; 206 per cent if left 12180 days; 207 per cent if left 12240 days; 208 per cent if left 12300 days; 209 per cent if left 12360 days; 210 per cent if left 12420 days; 211 per cent if left 12480 days; 212 per cent if left 12540 days; 213 per cent if left 12600 days; 214 per cent if left 12660 days; 215 per cent if left 12720 days; 216 per cent if left 12780 days; 217 per cent if left 12840 days; 218 per cent if left 12900 days; 219 per cent if left 12960 days; 220 per cent if left 13020 days; 221 per cent if left 13080 days; 222 per cent if left 13140 days; 223 per cent if left 13200 days; 224 per cent if left 13260 days; 225 per cent if left 13320 days; 226 per cent if left 13380 days; 227 per cent if left 13440 days; 228 per cent if left 13500 days; 229 per cent if left 13560 days; 230 per cent if left 13620 days; 231 per cent if left 13680 days; 232 per cent if left 13740 days; 233 per cent if left 13800 days; 234 per cent if left 13860 days; 235 per cent if left 13920 days; 236 per cent if left 13980 days; 237 per cent if left 14040 days; 238 per cent if left 14100 days; 239 per cent if left 14160 days; 240 per cent if left 14220 days; 241 per cent if left 14280 days; 242 per cent if left 14340 days; 243 per cent if left 14400 days; 244 per cent if left 14460 days; 245 per cent if left 14520 days; 246 per cent if left 14580 days; 247 per cent if left 14640 days; 248 per cent if left 14700 days; 249 per cent if left 14760 days; 250 per cent if left 14820 days; 251 per cent if left 14880 days; 252 per cent if left 14940 days; 253 per cent if left 15000 days; 254 per cent if left 15060 days; 255 per cent if left 15120 days; 256 per cent if left 15180 days; 257 per cent if left 15240 days; 258 per cent if left 15300 days; 259 per cent if left 15360 days; 260 per cent if left 15420 days; 261 per cent if left 15480 days; 262 per cent if left 15540 days; 263 per cent if left 15600 days; 264 per cent if left 15660 days; 265 per cent if left 15720 days; 266 per cent if left 15780 days; 267 per cent if left 15840 days; 268 per cent if left 15900 days; 269 per cent if left 15960 days; 270 per cent if left 16020 days; 271 per cent if left 16080 days; 272 per cent if left 16140 days; 273 per cent if left 16200 days; 274 per cent if left 16260 days; 275 per cent if left 16320 days; 276 per cent if left 16380 days; 277 per cent if left 16440 days; 278 per cent if left 16500 days; 279 per cent if left 16560 days; 280 per cent if left 16620 days; 281 per cent if left 16680 days; 282 per cent if left 16740 days; 283 per cent if left 16800 days; 284 per cent if left 16860 days; 285 per cent if left 16920 days; 286 per cent if left 16980 days; 287 per cent if left 17040 days; 288 per cent if left 17100 days; 289 per cent if left 17160 days; 290 per cent if left 17220 days; 291 per cent if left 17280 days; 292 per cent if left 17340 days; 293 per cent if left 17400 days; 294 per cent if left 17460 days; 295 per cent if left 17520 days; 296 per cent if left 17580 days; 297 per cent if left 17640 days; 298 per cent if left 17700 days; 299 per cent if left 17760 days; 300 per cent if left 17820 days; 301 per cent if left 17880 days; 302 per cent if left 17940 days; 303 per cent if left 18000 days; 304 per cent if left 18060 days; 305 per cent if left 18120 days; 306 per cent if left 18180 days; 307 per cent if left 18240 days; 308 per cent if left 18300 days; 309 per cent if left 18360 days; 310 per cent if left 18420 days; 311 per cent if left 18480 days; 312 per cent if left 1854







